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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/791,950	03/03/2004	Justin Chapman	PC25228A	4129	
28940 7	7590 01/18/2006		EXAMINER		
AGOURON PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.			O FARRELL, TI	O FARRELL, THOMAS JOHN	
SAN DIEGO,	CE CENTER DRIVE CA 92121		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ŕ			1634		

DATE MAILED: 01/18/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/791,950	CHAPMAN ET AL	CHAPMAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Thomas J. O'Farrell	1634				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Dissions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be the solution of the sol	ON. imely filed m the mailing date of this c IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 M	larch 2004					
'—		action is non-final.					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
-,-							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) 1-21 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[7]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
٠٠,۵	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
•	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.      Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio	rity documents have been receiv	ved in this National	l Stage			
	application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	red.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar					
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail I  5) Notice of Informal		O-152)			
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	,,	,			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

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## Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - Claims 1-10 and 19-21, drawn to methods of identifying a therapeutic, classified in class 435, subclass 6. This group is subject to further restriction (see below).
  - II. Claims 11-14, drawn to polynucleotides, classified in class 536, subclass24.3. This group is subject to further restriction (see below).
  - III. Claims 15-18, drawn to polypeptides, classified in class 530, subclass350. This group is subject to further restriction (see below).
- 2. Group 1 is subject to further restriction. The applicant is required to elect one or a specific set of genes from Tables 1-4 for the prosecution of group 1. The examiner notes that the genes from Table 1 are not listed in Table 3 and vice-versa, and the genes from Table 2 are not listed in Table 4 and vice-versa. Therefore, if group 1 is elected, claims 1-10 will be examined with respect to increases in the levels of the elected gene(s) in Table 1, for example, and not those of Table 3. Claims not drawn to the specific gene(s) elected will be withdrawn from consideration.

Groups 2 and 3 are subject to further restriction. The applicant is required to elect a specific set of genes from Tables 1-4 for the prosecution of groups 2 or 3.

Claims not drawn to the specific genes elected will be withdrawn from consideration.

serious burden for the office.

This is NOT an election of species. Nucleotide sequences encoding different proteins are structurally distinct chemical compounds and are unrelated to one another. These sequences are thus deemed to normally constitute independent and distinct inventions within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 121. Absent evidence to the contrary, each such nucleotide sequence are presumed to represent an independent and distinct invention, subject to restriction requirement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 121 and 37 CFR 1.141. By statute, "[i]f two or more independent and distinct inventions are claimed in one application, the Commissioner may require the application to be restricted to one of the inventions." 35 U.S.C. 121. Pursuant to this statute, the rules provide that "[i]f two or more independent and distinct inventions are claimed in a single application, the examiner in his action shall require the applicant... to elect that invention to which his claim shall be restricted." 37 CFR 1.142 (a). See also 37 CFR 1.141(a). It is noted that genes or combination & genes searching more than one of the claimed patentably distinct sequences represents a

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

3. Inventions groups 2 and 1 are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polynucleotide products of group 2 can be used to encode polypeptides, which is not

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required to practice the methods of group 1. The search for each group presents a serious search burden as the searches for each are not coextensive in scope. Art relating to the method of claim 1 of group 1 would not necessarily retrieve art related to the genes on a chip, wafer, or slide of claim 14 of group 2 as the method of claim 1 does not required a chip, wafer or slide. Additionally, art relating to the composition of claim 11 would not necessarily retrieve art related to the method of claim 1 of group 1 where the candidate therapeutic is for treating obesity (claim 4).

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4. The inventions of group 3 are unrelated to the inventions of groups 1 and 2. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different modes of operation, different functions, and different effects and are drawn to chemically distinct compounds and are unrelated to each other. The inventions of group 3 are drawn to polypeptides which are not used in the methods of identifying a therapeutic of group 1. The inventions of groups 2 and 3 are patentably distinct because they are drawn to different products having different structures and functions. The nucleic acids of group 2 are composed of deoxyribonucleotides linked by phosphodiester bonds and assumes the form of a double helix. The polypeptides of group 3 are composed of amino acids linked by peptide bonds and can assume complex tertiary structures. The products of group 2 can be used in materially different processes, for example the DNA of group 2 can be used in hybridization

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assays and the polypeptide of group 3 can be used to make a fusion protein with an enzymatic function. Consequently, the reagents, reaction conditions, and reaction parameters required to make or use each invention are different. Therefore, the inventions of groups 2 and 3 are patentably distinct from each other. The search for each of groups 2 and 3 presents a serious search burden as the searches for each are not coextensive in scope. The inventions have different status in the art as shown by their different classifications. In cases such as this one where descriptive sequence information is provided, the sequences are searched in appropriate databases. There is search burden also in the non-patent literature. Prior to the concomitant isolation and expression of the sequence of interest there may be journal articles devoted solely to polypeptides which would not have described the polynucleotide. Similarly, there may have been "classical" genetics papers which had no knowledge of the polypeptide but spoke to the gene.

5. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance,

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whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

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In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

6. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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7. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each group is not coextensive, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

- 8. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 9. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).
- 10. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas O'Farrell whose telephone number is (571) 272-8782. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday from 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Jones, can be reached on (571) 272-0745. The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO's Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO's PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information available to the public.

For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-9199.

Thomas O'Farrell

Thomas O'muell

Examiner

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JEHANNE SITTON PRIMARY EXAMINER

1/12/06